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DEPO / Plasma - deposited coatings for optical, electronical and other functionalities

Fabrication and characterization of magnetron co-sputtered TiO₂/SiO₂/Ag coatings inhibiting bacterial adhesion and biofilm formation

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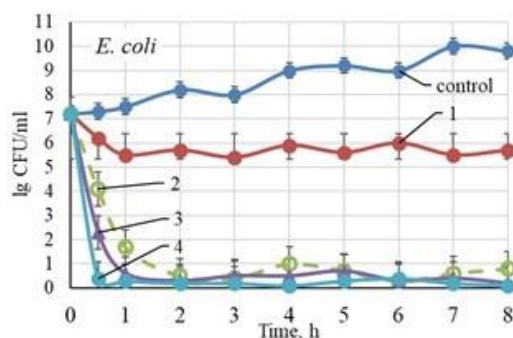
Abstract content

Aim of this study was the development of antimicrobial coatings for medical devices, employing the advantages of magnetron co-sputtering as a dry technique to deposit TiO₂/SiO₂/Ag nanocomposite thin films. Their biological activity was correlated to surface characteristics influencing the bio-adhesion and biofilm formation: elemental composition, morphology, surface energy and its polar and disperse parts. Dispersing effect of SiO₂ was observed leading to a formation of a submicron grain structure of the coatings. Strong inhibitory effect toward *Escherichia coli* growth was found: viable bacterial cells number, approaching to zero at the first 30 min - 1 h, depending on the Ag content (Fig. 1). Biofilm formation in urine flow at 48 h was reduced down to 92 % compared to a control glass surface (Fig. 2). Direct contact and eluted silver mediated killing were experimentally demonstrated as a mechanism of antibacterial action. The TiO₂/SiO₂/Ag coatings are promising candidate for antimicrobial protection of urinary tract devices for at least 48h, suggesting benefits over longer time.

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E. coli growth inhibition by studied coatings



E. coli biofilm formation in urine flow

